Dissectio Mentis Humanæ:

OR A

Satiric ESSAY

ON

Modern Critics, Stage and Epic Poets,

Translators, Drolls, Ill-repute, Burials, Great Guns and Gun-powder, Physicians, Sleep, Politicians, Patrons, Necessity, Philosophers, Prophets, Conjurors, Witches, Astrologers, Stars, Gypsies, Cunning-men, Physiognomy, Giants, Human-Complexions, Fistitious Beings, Elves or Faries, Apparitions, Men of Business, Wealth, Pride and Avarice, Virtue and Sense, Courage, Honour, Education, Conversation, Travel, a Vicious Taste, a City and Country Life, Flattery, Law, Custom and Reason, Free-thinking, Religion, Priestcrast, Public Justice, Learning and Learned Men, Curious Arts, Love and Friendship, Ambition, Truth, Greatness, and Life.



Fama malum quo non aliud velocius ullum. Tam Ficti pravique tenax, quam Nuncia Veri. VIRGIL.



LONDON:

Sold by THO. WARNER at the Black-Boy in Pater-noster-Row. 1730.

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Beautiful, Youthful, Airy, Eafy, Ingenious, and Good Natur'd

ELIZA, a Mendicant.

bus conspire to render their kollest

May it please your Lowness,



Youthful Person, eminently Beautiful, in a low Fortune or Degree, is like a Jewel in the Mine; it

attracts the Desire and Esteem of Those who know the true Value of Things, who apply to it with an impartial Regard.

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Such

The Dedication.

Such is your Lowness, to whose personal Advantages of Youth and Beauty, are added untainted Wit, easy Affability, undissembled Goodnature, and unaffected Complaifance.

These, may it please Your Lowness, are more peculiarly Your own; nor do they depreciate the Rest, but conspire to render their Possession as universally Acceptable, as she is

singularly Amiable.

Tis in Consideration of These, that I cannot despair of a favourable Reception of this Trisle, which I presume to dedicate to Your Lowness, my chosen Patroness; Your Lowness (tho something extraordinarily unqualify'd in Learning, Education, and Cir-

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The Dedication.

Circumstances) being nothing extraordinarily unqualify'd to Distinguish and Reward! Be therefore graciously pleas'd to receive it, with my

most sincere Benevolence.

To wish You more Beautiful, seems fruitless; and to wish You a more exalted Fortune (should that Wish take effect) might prove to Your Disadvantage, since Fortune might render You liable to that Vanity, or Ill-disposition, from which You are better exempted in Your present Station.

May You therefore continue as You are, acquire a Mate suitable in Condition and Qualifications to Your Self; and by transmitting those Qualifications to Your Race, may Poste-

The Dedication.

Posterity reap those Things from You, which in You are the Delight and Ornament of the present Time.

ma Imore Beautiful

May it please your Lowness,

Your Lowness's

Most Devoted, Humble,

Obedient Servant and

who bothwares voted Admirer, I doider

Bezaleel Morrice.





/ DISSERTATION

And ponders all things Aich adiduous Care;

DISSERTATION

Without his previous Gradillis delign'd

JUDGMENT.



F Mem'ry's hoarded Treasures well pos-

And nothing perfected without bir Aid

And Fancy's inexhaustible Supplies;

In amicable Offices combin'd

With ev'ry faithful Guardian of the Soul;

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Or

A DISSERTATION

Or in confed'rate Int'rest, firmly leagu'd
With the Controllers of the rapid Will,
Dwells Judgment, in the Minds serene Recess;
Delib'rate, solid, temp'rate, and discreet;
Who Reason's Ballance holds with steady Hand,
And ponders all things with assiduous Care;
And all things trys, or orders, or improves;
No Matter of Importance, rare, or new,
Without his previous Council is design'd;
And nothing perfected without his Aid:

He regulates th'extensive Pow'rs of Thought,
Who jointly own his equal Laws; and Him,
With well concerted Approbation, hold
IMPERIAL ARBITRATOR of the Mind:

With every productive water of the Soules

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on JUDGMENT.

I fearch, and trace the Marse of Hambanhard;

Yet all his Value, from Himfelf deriv'd, and V.

Experience but confirms, and Time matures; and V.

Nature alone indulgently bestows and bilineani value.

His beneficial, and transcendant Pow'r; and value.

Like genuine Strength and Beauty, unacquir'd.

Oh! thou, who like th'Imperial Sun, disdain'st Dependant Light, or arrogated Raies;
Who, by thy native Lusture, canst reveal
All things most rightly, most compleatly too;
Enlighten Thou my Soul, that I may know.
Divinest Reason to discern, and chuse;
Thence all perverting Prejudice remove,
All partial Bias of the gloomy Mind;
And while for Truth, in Causes far remote

A DISSERTATION, &c.

I fearch, and trace the Maze of Humankind;
When most bewilder'd when obstructed most,
When most distress'd, dejected and forlorn;
By inconsid'rate Prejudice assail'd,
By Folly hated, or by Pride oppress'd
(In Opposition of habitual Wrong)
Be thou my gen'rous Patron, gracious Friend,
Defender, Leader, Counsellor, and Guide.



Dissectio Mentis.

The ARGUMENT.

HE Invocation and Proposition. What Critics formerly were, and shou'd be; what they now are; that they write worse themselves than those they blame; which proves there want of

blame; which proves there want of true Taste or Comprehension of the Nature of those Works, and the Designs of their Authors: Some Personal Instances produced to prove their Censure arising from Prejudice, or Inability. A Reflection on the Play called Sophonisba. A short Dissertation on the principal Qualities, or Ingredients of Plays. Milton the most extraordinary of modern Epic Poets, and Homer and Virgil of any. The Qualifications of Wit, and true Excellence in Writing. Translators imperfect. Drolls unfortunate or degenerate, and the Bane of Civil Society. The Mischief of Ill-repute. Various Customs of Burial. Great-Guns and Gun-powder. faid to have been invented by Lucifer. The Uncertainty of Physic, and jarring Principles of Physicians. Blackmore an imaginary Rhetorician. Lock, the the Mind's Physician. An Address to Sleep. B---y in Love with the Moon. A Prayer to the Moon to guide our Politics. The Self-interestedness of Politi-cians, or Patriots. The Pride, Ignorance, and Perversness of Patrons. The cruel Ills of Necessity. The Vanity and fruitless Endeavours of those who seek the Philosopher's Stone. Nixon, an imaginary Prophet. Conjurers unable by the Devil's Means to progprognosticate. The D--- I not to be believ'd in his Prognostications, or trusted in any Compact. Old Women not Witches by the D--- Ps Means, nor Youngones; tho' the Latter may be more properly call'd so. The Fallacy of Astrology. The Stars all probably Worlds. Gypfies not Prophetesses, but Thieves. Cunning-men, Cheats. The Certainty of Physiognomy. No Giants. No Pygmies. Human Complexions all naturally or originally Fair. No Nymphs, Satyrs, Mermaids, Trytons, Minataur, Centaur, Dragons, Enchanters, or real Sea-monsters. No Elves or Fairies, nor Apparitions. What Men of Business generally are, and most properly should be. Pride and Avarice Enemies to Virtue and true Excellence. Wealth an excessive Countenancer of Villainy, and a most enormous Oppressor of Merit. Flattery the vilest Degeneracy of human Nature. The Fortune of Virtue and Sense. The Proofs of Courage. The Marks of true Honour. The Danger of Education. Errors of Conversation. Unbeneficialness of Travel.

A City and Country Life best subordinate to
Reason and Decency. Law perverted. The Prerogatives of Custom and Reason. What Freethinkers should be. How Religion should be treated and esteem'd. The Character of Priestcraft. Love fantastical and uncertain. Friendship useful and folid. The Nature of Public Justice, in Regard to Human Excellence. What Learning should be, and Learned Men most commonly are. A Caution to those, who peremptorily follow curious Arts. The Temper of Ambition. The Disposition of Truth. The Character of true Greatness. Life, weak and uncertain in its State; yet lest applicable to the Search of true Excellence. Dif-

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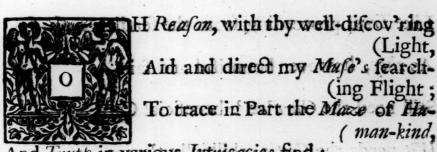
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Dissectio Mentis, &c.



And Truth in various Intricacies find;

Diffect the Play by human Follies made, Or of its Habits strip the Masquerade; What undifferning Ignorance reveals, Or fly Difguise more artfully conceals, To shew to shew the current Fallacies That pass for Truth — the creditable Lyes

Detect.

Detect, from what they wou'd unfairly seem,

And let, like Nature, various be my Theam;

From strictest Order, or Connexion free,

Bold! easy! and diversify'd! —— as She,

From Nature, Wit deriv'd its early Birth,

Like Trees proceeding from the fertile Earth;

As they, however bountiful and fair,

Still need the Gard'ner's beneficial Care,

Wit needs the Critic, skillfully t'erace

Injurious Stains, and heighten ev'ry Grace,

With Judgment and industrious Care, to find

Each fecret Good, and be feverely kind;

Such ancient Critics were; beneath their View,

And just Regard, a while it choicely grew!

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But Oh, in Time, a strange and savage Race Encreaching, did the noble Plant debase; With Arrogance and with a stubborn Will, Watch'd o'er its Growth, only to treat it ill, And shew their false and their malicious Skill; By these assaulted many barb'rous Ways, It droops, and in its worthy'st Parts decays; Like Frosts they nip, like Locusts they defile, And have no Care, but to destroy and spoil! How few possess, of those we most admire, The Critic's Judgment, with the Poet's Fire? Their various Talent's scarce uniting meet, Yet curious Horace is in both compleat; Latour and Time this Excellence procure At best — flow-rises, what must long endure!

Nor reach their Author's Meaning or Defign,

Nature

But

Nature he views in the compleatest Light, Whose Judgment's clear! unprejudic'd! and right! Thro' want of true Capacity, or Tafte, Our Critics start from nothing up in haste! Largely incumbering poetic Ground, Their blafting Venom they difpense around; Some, loaden with the Lumber of the Schools, Wou'd cramp all Beauty by pedantic Rules; These to the closest Drudgery wou'd doom, Nor give true Spirit either Breath, or Room; Nor Nature, which they know not, can admire, Or relish just Propriety, and Fire! Because Attive and Equipage, they see Declare in Men, the height of their Degree, Some look for splendid Words in ev'ry Line. Nor reach their Author's Meaning or Design,

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Nor in Simplicity can find good Sense, Or real Art in seeming Negligence! In short, not any Excellence they know, But what's compriz'd in Custom, Form, and Show! Such wild Conjectures frequently they make, Some Things they so misconstrue or mistake, Perhaps to feem to Them directly well, 'Tis quite impossible indeed t'excel! And all the Meaner all Things understand, Not by the Intrinsick Value, but the Hand: Critics are now in meer Appearance found! As Poets in an undulating Sound!

Say — was it Reason or pedantic Spite,

Made stubborn Milbourn blunderingly write?

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On Dryden's Writings pouring out a C-fe, He writes himself incomparably --- worse! But Collier prim'd his thund'ring Pen, and writ With bouncing Store of irritated Wit; Exclaming that the Writers of the Stage, Had quite perverted the Religious Age! And might not this Religious Writer be Provok'd indeed? in the supream Degree? What can for their Enormities attone, By whose Endeavours, to the Life are shewn, The Pictures of his Brethren, and his own? Gildon, fince Nature had his Pow'r withstood To write, refolv'd to cenfure those who cou'd! Refining Rhymer, who cou'd find among Fam'd Shakestear's Jewels, fuch a Store of D-g,

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Perform'd his felf in Verse so very ill, He's ev'n below the meanest Critic's Skill; His self does with such Poverty abound, That not one Jewel in his Trash is found.

But lo! a Writer grasping Fame and Gold,

In spight of all the Critics, new! and old!

Now, its falls Light, and family later

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Lo, Sophonisha, perish'd many Years,

Again advances! and again appears!

Thy ventr'ous Verse, oh, Thomson! void of dread,

Recalls the murther'd Heroin from the Dead;

To Death the blooming Bride was doom'd by Lee,

T'avoid an Enemy, perhaps like thee!

Lee roars in Bombast often, yet between

His Rants, true Nature chequers ev'ry Scene;

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From cloudy Fustian, to clear Sense he falls, As mad Men have their lucid Intervals; But here, none Nature well discerning, knows, Thy restif Verse such Affectation shows: 'Tis true by its Solemnity of Show, It cou'd regale the trivial Belle and Beau; Now, its false Light, and fanciful attire Departed, and extinct its Action's Fire, Now, to the Press transported from the Stage; Over each pond'rous and unweildy Page We doze; thy Play, stripp'd of its sceenal Pride Is found so stiff, and undiversify'd!

Oh, whither from the Stage is manly Sense

Departed? where is moving Eloquence?

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Where is the Poet, whose capacious Mind Is now th' accomplish'd Mirrour of Mankind? Whose Language varies, rises, and declines, And fuits all Characters? and all Designs? Whose Plot is intricate, yet unperplext, With Dulness, or Obscurity, unvext; Whose Incidents so naturally fall, Whate'er he represents, seems real all? Who makes Diftress the hardest Heart controul. And pierce thro' the Recesses of the Soul! He who cou'd o'er the Mind preside so well, At whose Command the Passions rose or fell; Ingenius Otway, tender Otway's dead, And with him Tragick Art, and softness fled! From Him (yet failing too in many Things) Alone, our just drammatic Glory Springs. Oh,

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Winere is the Part, whole canacious Mad

Oh, cou'd we now, like daring Milton, fing (Of a prodigious and amazing Theam) In Strain fo folid! nervous! and fublime! Use such Invention, such prevailing Force As he, who of the fall'n angelick Peers, Disclos'd the deep implacable Designs; And in tremendous and delicious Terms, Reveal'd th' Adventures of th' infernal Chief, Who pass'd, tho' thrice three-fold, Hell's horrid Guarded by hideous Forms! and fulph'rous Flames Enclos'd! thro' Chaos and the Realms of Night, Discord! Confusion! and eternal Gloom! In blisful Paradise arriv'd enrag'd, And, in Man's Ruin fought revengeful Sway !-

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Alone, our just demonstre Glery Springs.

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Not fuch a Candidate for Fame appears

This gracious Poet cou'd we well pursue,

Attempt so nobly! and so nobly do!

Yet, to our Purpose more concisely hold,

And be correct and regular, as bold;

The British Muse, thro' her victorious Strain,

From all Contenders shou'd the Prize obtain;

Behold with Joy her Glory's vast Encrease,

And vye with antient Italy and Greece!

No Modern Poet can with this compare,

Or shew such sweet and such commanding Air;

The French (that in their academic School,

Censur'd immortal Wit by modish Rule)

No Parallel have manifested yet,

Nor Italy itself, since Maro writ;

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Not fuch a Candidate for Fame appears, Among a rolling Multitude of Years. Cowley must with his Davedeis wait, As failing in Accomplishment and State, The valiant Gideon vanquish'd must remain, And be, like all his Author's Projects, vain; But let both Arthurs and Eliza go. And found'ring rumble to the Ghofts below: All must to Homer's Fire resign the Field, To Virgil's Method and Exactness yield! For was the God of Verse himself to write! Transcendant Maro's easy-courtly State, Such masterly Propriety of Style, Such Beauty and fuch Elegance he'd use!

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True Wit is Nature to the Life express'd,
With all her various Excellencies, dress'd
In simple Neatness! artful Negligence!
'Tis thus she can subdue the ravish'd Sense,
Thus, make the Passions of the Soul submit;
And Poetry's the Quintessence of Wit;
Fair Nature most successfully to trace,
In ev'ry Feature, ev'ry winning Grace,
Reason alone declares the certain Road,
Tho' devious from th'accustomary Mode.

True Excellence can but from Nature flow,
Nauseous is Affectation useless Show;
Whatever can the Most-discerning please,
Must wear the Garb of Negligence and Ease;
Who most in just Sublimity excel,
Are only they who copy Nature well:

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Let Genius, like the Sun, in ev'ry Place, Largely bestow distinguishable Grace; But the combin'd Assistances of Art, Let modest Care conceal, in ev'ry Part! All Qualities shou'd interwoven lye, So mixt, that None may the Distinction fpy; When prompted most to give deserv'd Applause, None know the Secret, the peculiar Cause! Thus, in th'elab'rate human Frame, the Soul A like informs, and actuates the Whole; Its Pow'r in ev'ry Look, and Gesture shown, It Self, except in its Effects, unknown!

The Grecians and the Romans most excel,
Only because they copy Nature well;

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And he who well wou'd copy them, must trace

Their full Resemblance, and their living grace;

From any Charm, who deviates, or who fails,

Nor, o'er the Mind so pleasingly prevails;

He, not his Author, but himself portrays,

And cannot merit a Translator's Praise:

In lively Solvedone, Europe and Euro

When P---e, within th' eternal Dome of Fame,
An equal Station did with Homer claim;
Apollo shook his glorious Head and smil'd,
Must I said he, like Britons be beguil'd?
Thou wear'st the Semblance of the Greek's Attire,
But where are his Magnificence and Fire?
Is all the Pow'r of Elevation, found
In glitt'ring Words? and undulating Sound?

Me, not his deriver, but himself portrovs,

If Dignity Appearance can create,

Useless are Honour, Title, and Estate;

Who dresses like a Lord, is great as he!

And any Astor may a Hero be!

Pope is array'd (the Beaus and Belles to please)
In lively Splendour, Harmony and Ease;
A Flash of Fancy varnishes his Lines,
With glossy Words his tinsel Meaning shines:
Often to those of an impersect View,
What's false and empty, solid seems and true!
But where's that Strength, and that commanding (Pow'r, Which brings Concern, as in the latest Hour?
That State, and that enthusiatic Rage,
Which can the Mina's whole Faculties engage?

Surprise

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Unfolding all the Mysteries of Art!

Where is display'd that penetrating View,

Which in a Moment passes Nature thro'?

In thee, oh, Pope! here, here, we must despair,

No Dancing-master has a Monarch's Air!

No quaint Italian, with melodious Trill,

Can reach a Cherubim, in Voice and Skill!

Nor he who has with Approbation trod

The Theater—can personate a God!

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Who writ a Play, scarce worthy to compare,
With an heroic Droll of Smithsteld-Fair;
Welsted—has yet, in his ill-grounded Thought,
Our polish'd Rhet'ric to Persection brought.

How like a Montage s Rago is Portage

Judi-

Judicious Bard! judiciously engage,

The nicer Part of this judicious Age;

Thy brillant Writing, brillant Wits cares,

So like themselves endu'd, with — Emptiness!

In thee, oh, Page! here, here, we must defail

Horace has Conduct, Ovid, lively Ease;

This can by Art, and that by Nature please;

In Virgil both, with Elegance combine,

Majestic Sweetness flows in ev'ry Line;

How gently does Anacreon entertain?

How like a Whirlwind's Rage is Pindar's rapid (Strain? Homer (th'essential Pride of Humankind,)

Had all Persection center'd in his Mind!

These Judgment rules! Imagination fires!

And ev'ry Age successively admires!

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But oh, these penetrating Times! that see. Leonard! th'occult Accomplishments in thee! Thou, void of genuine Knowledge, Art, and Sense, And but supply'd with Shadow or Pretence, To please - what Wonder must Mankind affign To thee? oh, what an Excellence is thine? Lucilius openly, his Fangs and Claws, At Wealth and Title, like a Lyon draws; Persius cou'd Faults, with Subtilty disclose, And human Frailty, in Disguise expose; The Properties of both united meet, In Juvenal, who, daring and different, The Cause of Truth with manag'd Rage protects. Drags forth the Villain, and the Fool diffects! But thou, oh Leonard! do'ft, by furer ways, Slyly and boldly ey'ry Mortal praise!

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All Qualities alike discreetly prize,

And, who is Rich or Great, thou mak'st him Just!

(or Wise!

Our Modern Wit is feeble, or unfound,

Scarce ever justly! feldom long renown'd!

Settle was once of the reputed Sort,

Embellishing the Play-house and the Court;

But did, like Satan, from his Height subside,

By ill-concerted Principles and Pride;

Dejected then, employ'd his choicest Care,

To grace a Wedding, or my good Lord Mayor;

So China's Pride (its Use or Value pass'd)

When slaw'd, is scorn'd, or the Dunghill cast.

Durfey and Brown, up-hell'd by Beef and Ale,
Cou'd fing a Catch, or tell a merry Tale;

Drags forth the Fillets, and the Test diffed !!

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When from the Bailiff, or the Counter freed, When Fancy was not quit depress'd by Need; Their Learning and their Eloquence at best, With Rakes and Bullies prov'd a-Randing Jeft! Hard Fate! or worse Degen'racy of Mind! Dupes to the Profligatest of their Kind, To prove - by Habit to become betray'd To give lewd Mirth, and brutal Follies aid; To footh and prompt, what Wit, by Nature's Law; Has Right and Pow'r both to chaftise and awe.

Let's treat our felves with pertinent Respect; For who themselves but seemingly neglect, Whatever Qualities they hold - may find The Hatred, or Disdain of Humankind!

But many Stakes were not for harm deligned.

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Disadvantageous is in ill Repute

To Vegetable, Animal, or Bruit;

All things, beheld in this pernicious Light,

Are perfecuted with invet'rate Spight;

Some Plants and Herbs are innocent, tho' thought

With little less than deadly Poison fraught;

Because some dangerous, or pernicious prove

(The feeming threaten'd Evil to remove)

Curs'd is the Spider in the Dome, and Snake;

Of ev'ry Sort, in covert of the Brake;

But many Snakes were not for harm design'd,

And lurking Spiders, many of the Kind,

Are useful, void of Venom; and employ

Their Care, polluting Insects to destroy:

The Snake, did none his Reputation Stain,

Might fafely greet the Trav'ller on the Plain;

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Arachne, said with Pallas, once to vye

(Only offensive to the vagrant Fly)

If she was rightly understood, might dwell,

Without Disturbance, in her woven Cell!

Chiefly alone from our mistaking Things,

Malice arises! Perfecution springs!

Beauty and Wit are thus obnoxious made,

As often plac'd in Fortune's envious Shade;

And vain is Thought, what Nature has design'd,

The Glory, and the Grace of Humankind!

Examine human Nature well, you'll find

Meer Notion or Opinion sways the Mind;

Tell me, whence else, our various Customs came?

Reason is certain! Nature still the same!

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Reason and Nature rightly ruling - We In all things shou'd eternally agree! As diff'rent People diff'rent Ways have chose To live; their Dead they variously dispose; But most the mould'ring Carcases intomb, Or instantly in rapid Flames consume: Persians, (residing even now, where reign Successors of th' illustrious Tamerlane) Suppose the Fire a Deity-and th' Earth The Parent, whence all vital Things had Birth; They therefore either to pollute refuse (As fay'ring of Impiety) and chuse The Bodies of their Dead expos'd to lay, Of rav'nous Vultures to become the Prey; And thus, what was abominable deem'd By most; by them is practis'd and esteem'd!

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The fable Coffin finks into the Tomb :

And we, who think politest Arts adorn Our Minds; who Christians are conceiv'd, and born! Are taught of Vanity to difallow. And folemnly renounce by facred Vow , vistall A Yet keep vain Things incessantly in View wirelood And, all our Lives, windustriously pursue privil oH Nay dead, affecting to be vainty great, washaud A We march to be devour'd by Worms in State; And feem to ftrive to Heav'n itself to go, With (what is most exclusive) Pompous Shore! Expos'd a while the wretched Carcafs lies, or only And greets, with glaring Grief, the Gazer's Eyes: Then formally, in counterfeited Woe, it all bross Behold a Train of mimic Mourners go! Word bod

And

The fable Coffin finks into the Tomb,

To moulder 'till the long-reviving Doom;

A Buft is form'd, where fearthing Eyes may find

The Characters of the departed Mind;

A stately Marble Monument appears,

Declaring what unprofitable Tears

He living wasted, and the bounteous Stone

Abounds with Virtues—that were never known!

What in the World produces wond'rous Change, Is thought itself produc'd by Means as strange! The roaring Cannon, sulph'rous Grain, and Balls, Which sounder Fleets, demolish'd Rocks and Walls; Rend the sirm Works of the beleaguer'd Town, And mow, like Grass, the mounted Squadrons down:

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We march to be devent d by Worms in State

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Who can suppose sprung from a Monkish Cell?

Came they not rather, from — the Lord of Hell?

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Who

When Lucifer undaunted, in array, Rang'd his Battallions with the rifing Day; When the divided Ranks reveal'd to View, Th' infernal Leader's Engines strange! and new! His levell'd Ordinances tripple Tire; And he pronounc'd, in horrid Tone give Fire! Thro' their rude Roar, rumbl'd the Abyl's pro-And Heaven's high Roof re-bellow'd to the Sound; Then F.ame and Smoak defil'd the limpid Sky, And Thunder, and its Bolts conjunctive, feem'd to Then Angel and Arch-angel tumbled down, As, at Omnipotence's darted Frown, Confounded-thro' their Essences (in vain

Oppos'd) the Bullets plough'd th' Impyrean Plain.

Thus

Thus we the strange Originals relate,

Of Things amazing! horrible! or great!

And thus, we those of Humankind surmise,

Supreamly daring, fortunate, or wise,

(Like Miracles) descended from the Skies!

What pressing Woes on Humankind attend?

And spur and quicken our too forward End?

Not only we precipitate our Fate,

By all th' invented Engines of Debate;

But Multitudes of Maladies distress,

And lessen our impersect Happiness;

In vain, a beneficial Help to find

We fondly hope, from our disast'rous kind;

While fatal Men (oh, Life how unsecure!)

Promote those Mischiess they pretend to cure.

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Garth more than a Physician, was a Wit,

An Verses better than Prescriptions, writ;

Yet by Prescription Wealthy he became,

As some ascend, without Desert, to Fame!

Radelif, by serious Caution uncontroll'd,

Was, like an Emp'ric, fortunate and bold;

Disease, by Importunity and Boldness,

Perhaps is conquer'd, like a Woman's Coldness;

But ever sure, the Patient's best Salvation

Is center'd in his own Imagination!

Physic's uncertain as Divinity,

In both alike Professors disagree;

Knowledge compleat, and void of Error, fails

In both, and Fancy more than Truth, prevails:

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None knows th' OEconomy of human Frame, None, but the wond'rous Author of the same! The variously Dependance of its Parts, Transcends the Reach of all enquiring Arts! As fome Supream Mechanical Device (In due Proportion exquisitely nice) None, when disorder'd fafely can pretend, None, but its Author, shou'd presume to mend! Phylicians may the credulous beguile, But certain Method all their Skill will foil, Who, rectifying Part! the whole may spoil! Their jarring Principles more rash Debate, More than religious Biggottry, create; Ever to nothing but Division true : Nay, fometimes from themselves they vary too;

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Their Instability, by changing Sides, Willis demonstrates. — like the turning Tides! Oh, how pernicious, and how rashly vain Is boafted Art, when prompted on by Gain? Physicians help t'encrease the Weakly Bills, Many, Diseases! More the Doctor kills! If Nature wants her own internal Aid, By brought Affiftance often she's betray'd; Most fancy'd Remedies impair her Pow'r, Pervert her Course, the vital Sap devour; And plant more Mischiefs than they can expel, Like Foreign Force invok'd intestine Strife to quell!

Luxurious Man! thy Appetite and Mind,

Is still unsated! ever unconfin'd!

Our greatest Evils by our selves are lent,

And ev'ry Vice entails its Punishment;

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Th' exact Contexture of our curious Frame,

Does Moderation principally claim;

Th' OEconomy of each dependant Part,

By Moderation, more than any Art,

Is kept—or, if its Order fuffers rout,

From Violence within, or Harms without;

Depend not on the mercenary Hand,

To mend the Work, it does not understand;

Trust Nature most, the Damage to repair,

And, ever after, shun the Cause with Care,

From their Professions some perversly fly,

And sollow Notions they conceive—more high:

Blackmore was most amphibeous in Condition,

In Practice was, as well as a Physician,

Poet! Philosopher! and Rhetorician!

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All Art and Nature to his Genius bow!

Yet, all that he produc'd, we know not how,

Abortive—like himself is—nothing now!

The Laver thus, possessing Celia seems,

And Misers grasp whale Indies in their Dreams;

Nor, 'till they from the fond Delusion wake,

Are ever conscious of the gross Mistake!

And Want by thy Ik sepalater is blocked :

Lock, with extensive Philosophic View,
Pass'd Modern Human Understanding thro';
Presum'd to know its Temper and Condition,
And therefore might be call'd the Mind's Physician;
For has not Britons well his Art befriended?
They're since his Time, so wonderfully mended!
Yet, for all Ills of Body and of Mind,
Sleep is the surest Remedy we find;

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h:

Oh, Sleep! of all things in this Scene of Wo, Thou greatest Blessing anxious Mortals know; Thou gracious Balm for all terrestial Cares, Thou fweet-short Period of the World's Affairs; The tortur'd Body, and the toyling Mind, In thy foft Arms a Relaxation find; In thee! fatiguing Bus'ne/s finks to rest, And Want by thy Benevolence is bless'd; People of ev'ry Quality and State Attend thy ever-hospitable Gate; Perplexing Fars thy Mediations free, And Rage and Envy are suppress'd by thee; To thee! all human Emulations tend, Thou, art Ambition's only certain End; or vall For, with whatever lofty Aims endu'd, In Rest and Thee! our mighty Toils conclude.

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And, as thou do'll incessantly produce

Once B-y's immense Desire cou'd rife To the nocturnal Regent of the Skies! But finding her too vast! too high! too chaste! To be by mortal Writer's Arms embrac'd; Failing in Aim, yet constant in his Will, He holds, by Letter, Correspondance still; Still do's the Seer her Influences know, As all his Writings evidently show! Auspicious Goddess! with Indulgence smile Ever on Britain, thy devoted Isle! Oh, be not thou disdainfully-severe, Are not fincerely thy Adorers here? To whom (deferted by the God of Light And Wit) oh, thou! be retrogradely bright;

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Once

And, as thou do'ft incessantly preside
O'er gentle Thames's sluctuating Tide;
Over our Minds too, thy Dominion six,
But principally rule our Politics!

Room for the Modern Politicians here,

Divide ye Rabble! their Approaches clear;

Receive them, like Ambaffadors in State,

So strangely! so beyond Conception, great!

One Course to keep incessantly they seem,

Resembling the Mediterranean Stream;

Yet, in a Manner opposite they go,

And only ebb, as that does only flow!

Let Fate, or Chance the reeling Nation guide,

They will, in Duty—for themselves provide;

In Wealth's Accumulation most profound!

And in Self-int'rest absolutely sound!

Rare Patriots! oh, had antient Rome posses'd

Such Spirit! with such Principles been bless'd;

Had she been so recorded to this Hour?

Or vext the World with such extended Pow'r?

Let Modern Patrons next to These advance,
Who judg'd of Wit, by Pride and Ignorance;
Who, from their losty Stations condescend,
The Flatt'rers of their Follies to befriend;
And all beside; however Arts adorn,
Or Merit pleads for—to reject and scorn;
Who can to Virtues, like their own, accord;
And equally distinguish and reward.

What Inconvenience must on those attend,
Whom Fortune grinds? nor Humankind befriend?

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The noblest Things are liable to blame, By Nature, of the delicatest Frame; With the Supream Expence of Time and Thought, Elaborately to Perfection brought, In genuine Pomp, and genuine Vigour, are Preferv'd from failing with expensive Care; Like choicest Plants, in the severest Clime, From the rude Rage of ev'ry rigid Time, The Muse's Delicacy, oh! protect, From stormy Hatred, and from starv'd Neglect; From violating Insolence secure, And all that want, must with its Lot endure! From Folly's Rashness, the corroding might Of Arrogance, and Ignorance's Spight; Let not the misconstructing World condemn, But oh, regard your selves, regarding them; Oh, ye! who bear a Mind that's truly Great! By well averting their prepostrous Fate,

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Ye grace your selves! with them, your selves ye right;
They well can your Benevolence requite;
But Patrons scan (who but in Pride excel)
The Muses little! and Themselves too well!
Conscious of what they justly may expect,
They treat them with Aversion, or Neglect;
And take th' Advantage Fortune do's bestow,
To cramp their Privilege, and keep them low!

Thou Source, yet Scourge of each mischeivous ill,
Necessity! stern Tyrant of the Will;
From thy accursed Impositions spring,
Each odious, hideous, and prepostrous Thing!
What's loath'd or fear'd; from what we wou'd be
(free,
And most with Care avoid, we're driven on by thee!
Confounding Horrors, and distorting Pains,
Hate, Scorn, Reproaches, Prisons, Whips, and Chains,

(40)

Are thine——Anxiety, distracting Care,

Thy Gifts; with Daggers, Poisons, and Despair;

Vipers and Toads in thy foul Bosom dwell,

And in thy loath'd Embrace—the Plagues of Hell!

Yet, let us bear with Patience, ev'ry Ill,

And take, without Regret, the bitter Pill;

Nor think our selves by righteous Fate abus'd,

'Tis for our Good we're thus severely used!

As Gold, to be compleatly purify'd,

Is often in the fiery Furnace try'd,

So, by repeated Sufferings in the Mind,

Virtue and Sense are perfectly refin'd.

Altho' Necessity, a generous End,

May, by Fate's Will, or wise Decrees attend:

Unpitied they, into her Arms who fall,

Thro' greedy Aims, and deaf to Reason's Call,

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What for their fruitless Folly can attone, Who fondly feek the Philosophic Stone; By which they most fantastically hold Gross Minerals to rarify to Gold! Gold springs from Seeds in Subterranean Mines, And thro' whole Ages ripens and refines! Its rare Extraction exquisitely spun From purest Earth! Its Sire the genial Sun! Its perfect Purity (which all admire!) Reveals its Worth! its Hue, the radiant Sire! Thro' Chymic Art to raise it up, by Change, The Project is no less absur'd than strange! Yet, to their Cost, Philosophers may find Substantial Gold they can convert to Wind! Things are, by Nature's Ordinance decreed To rife from certain Principles, or Seed; T'infringe her Laws, vainly in Art we truft, Her Way is strictly regular and just; of read chematic Largerese of the Sales.

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To prove its Might, Art must with Nature deal,
And can, at most, her Privacies reveal,
By curious Search, her Mysteries display,
But cannot alter! Tho' it can betray!

Is Whimfical in the Supream Degree!

With Sylphs and Salamanders to combine,
In Knowledge; and in nuptial Leagues to join!
In free Communication, to unite
With Things, exempt from other Mortals fight!
What wild Illusions may not pass with those,
Who thus absurdly on themselves impose?
Oh, how refin'd of Intellect is he,
Who, with his Mind's abstracted View, can see
Such Things, as were not! are not! cannot be!

Astrologers, who cast Nativities,

And read the mystic Language of the Skies,

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Are felfish Mortals, ignorant! and vain!

Yet, less ambitious of Repute, than Gain;

But,cou'd they know—Things must be pre-ordain'd,

And Causes and Effects most surely chain'd;

(For Reason tells, that certain Things alone,

Can be, by any Method surely known)

Which is a Matter of unsure Debate,

And kept from Man, by undiscovering Fate!

Beside—'tis well suppos'd that every Star

(Itself a World) from us is distant far;

So far—It cannot our Transactions learn,

To mean, to make them its sublime Concern!

Who thought the Stars for this dejected Ball

Produc'd—almost inferior to them all!

Poorly conceiv'd Things only as they seem,

And lessen'd, in their Thoughts, th' Pow'r Supream:

Mairer Frolight Various Nature

For.

For all the Decorations of the Skies, Appearing Heaven's innumerable Eyes! All that the clearest Winter Nights display, (And many more) ev'n more than we furvey, And judg'd in Reason World's like ours - their Frame A like — or more illustrious than the same: Well furnish'd Things may there, such use despence, To please and fuit the Faculties of Sense; And all, as here, disposed by Nature there, May fuch united Harmony declare; For who to any Limits wou'd confine Th' Extent of Order? or the Mind Divine? Matter prolific! various Nature's Skill! And boundless are th' Omniscient Pow'r and Will!

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Of Strouling Beggars lo, a numerous Hoft,

Arriv'd, long fince, from Egypt's fultry Coast!

The Sciences of th' East transporting thence,

They here wou'd lavishly reveal — for Pence;

By the Prognostication of the Hand;

Bid them available and let your Hands alone;

They only know — the Virtues of their own!

Some Britons too the creditions beguile,
Whom Cunning therefore gratefully they stile;
They cheat the Crowd of Wit and Money—then,
Procure Themselves the Fame of —ounning Men!

The varnish'd o'er with Lortson's fairest Light

The marrial The or Gallourn, is here

Now of an Art that's little understood,

I'll treat—'tis undervalled — therefore Good!

Nature has universally design'd,

An outward Index to declare the Mind;

And ev'ry Form's Representation, tells

What Guest within the living Structure dwells!

No bleating Sheep; the Lyon's Courage own,

Nor sheepish Soul is in the Lyon known;

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Whose Form and Aspect prove Him void of Fear; Dogs shew their hoarded Malice by their Leer; In its flow State the Swans distinguish'd Pride; In its full Eye, the Peacock's is descry'd; The martial Fire or Gallantry, is feen Of rival Cocks, in their erected Mein ! In Man, what Artifices wou'd conceal, O mon W. The Form, the Features, and the Look reveal: The haggard Mind is thus beheld aright, Tho' varnish'd o'er with Fortune's fairest Light; Nor can Adversity's obscurest Cloud · Illustrious Merit perfectly in-shroud; By well-experienc'd and discerning Eyes, The Soul is view'd thro' ev'ry thin Disguise; Tremble ye Knaves and Fools! triumph ye Just Nature in certain Characters, has penn'd On All, whate'er her Purposes intend;

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Tho' few can read her well-directing Hand,

And fewer, reading fully understand:

Vain are the forming Helps of Court or School,

To him, whom Nature meant a Clown, or Fool;

Nor is it even in the Pow'r of Eate,

To make, what she made little, truly great!

Whate'er we are, we are by Nature made,

And, by all Art's or Education's Aid,

No Grace is truly given! but display'd.

Like Jugglers, all Prognosticators are,

As their resembling Practices declare;

Such Method ever is by both pursu'd,

These cheat the Sense, as those the Eye delude:

In Sciences, all vile Pretenders chuse,

With unintelligible Words t'amuse;

Mysteriously assume bombastic State,

To make What's Insignisticant, seem Great!

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To win Amerement, and your Purse to found, They strive your Understanding to confound! They speak in Terms no Mortal can unfold, As th'Oracles, and Wizards us'd of old; For Truth and Sense, still in the Dark They leave Te, For all their Aim is only to deceive ye! They know by Mysteries the Crow'd is fool'd, Most are by Fancy! few by Reason rul'd! They therefore, their Enquirers to surprise, Most hyperbolically jargonize! Thus conjur'd, green and golden Dragons start, With glaring Horror, from the chymic Art! And (what they cannot cure) by Means like these, Physicians strive ____to frighten a Disease!

Who penetrate Futurity's deep Night,
With the Delution of a fecond Sight;
Some Fools believe, and most think partly right;

In Sciences, all vile Pretentions clusic.

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These Risters of the Privacies of Fate,
Whatever They discover, they relate,
Nor dread the mighty Power's avenging Hate;
Whatever Punishment the bold Offence
May bring—they find not auxious Trouble thence,
If once they grasp the remedying Pence!

Of Line, that ever has been us'd to fee!

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Nixon, 'tis faid, of Prophecy contain'd

A wond'rous Pertien! fanciful, and feign'd;

Without was dark! but inwardly was bright!

And like a Lantern, screen'd internal Light;

'Tis faid his native Dulness cou'd inspire,

As Stocks and Stones inclose the Seeds of Fire:

How fond and foolish is Mankind? beguil'd

By Notions unaccountable and wild?

From clearest Reason right Prediction springs,

And Observation on the Course of Things;

They, whose Descernment is improv'd by Years,

Alone foreknow—Experience makes the Seers!

Some

thefe Riffers of the Privacies of Fare

Some think to Conjurers, by Satan's Aid, The Secrets of Futurity display'd; As if He still, tho' Thence so long expell'd, In Heav'n a private Correspondence held! And foolishly believe the Prophecies Of him, that ever has been us'd to Lies! Some think that Witches thus (by compact driven) To know strange Things, renounce their Hopes of And Witches thus become—but far too proud, And fubtle fure, th' Infernal is allow'd, Communication thus to hold-or grant This Trust to th'Ugly, Old and Ignorant! No-None, of all the Crowd of Females are, Or can be Witches, but the Toung and Fair ! They to the Bloom of Youth and Beauty grown, Are fure, his working Instruments or none!

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They, to whom Education best imparts

(Aided by furnished Charms and practis'd Arts)

Knowledge and Means t'infnare our foolish Hearts;

By them we are sufficiently betray'd!

By them alone, without the D—Ps Aid!

But things like these the Learned have believ'd,

The Learned may be like the Rest deceiv'd!

I mean, who take what Education brings,

Nor most impartially examine Things;

Nor well by Reason, or by Nature weigh,

What Fools will credit, and what Knaves will say.

That Men of most enormous Strength and size,
Once fill'd the Rest, with Horror and Surprize;
Let Those, who fondly wou'd Themselves deceive,
Give Credit to——I scarcely can believe;
It seems to Me more rational, t'allow
All Men were ever probably as now!

In Active's lotty Presents contained:

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Because, What those stupendious Mortals were. None now appear remaining to declare id bobi A) And why were Men perniciously inclin'd T'extirpate all the mightieft of their Kind? By passing now the peopled Earth around, No wond'tous Inequality is found! Or hath the Total Race of Humankind In Strength and Size, thro'ev'ry Age declin'd? This not by Statues manifest appears, Or Bones of those entomb'd for many Years, Or Mummies, that a Thousand, have remain'd, In Ægypt's lofty Pyramids contain'd; Considiring thefe, it may be boldly faid, and I Giants, alone Imagination made! Wall by I'd sond

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The little Race, the Grane encount ring Crew,

Call'd Pigmies—Now are wholly vanish'd too;

Among Mankind the chief Distinction lies,

In the Complexion, not in Strength, or Size;

who foodly would Thems

No Black or Swart, are near the Frigid known. Or Fair-complexion'd, in the Torrid-Zone! To deeper Dies they gradu'lly incline, As nearer to the Sun, and Sult'ry Line; I therefore may, as probable declare, That all Men were originally fair; Fair is of Humankind, the native Hue, Which all its Changes from the Weather drew, In Time's Process-and, from th' Occasion free, What Once it was, in Time again might be! In Indian Indoftan, ev'n Now, have Place, An antient Remnant of the Persian Race; Who, long ago, drove by Oppression's Hand, Fled, for Religion, from their native Land; In Wedlock These, as in Opinion join, With none beside - but keep unmixt their Line; They hold not now the Fairness once they knew, Nor yet possess their Neighbours sable Hue;

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And Jews, long-seated in a Northern Clime,

Have, by th' Advantage of affisting Time,

Refining now, almost reduc'd to nought,

The Remnant of their Rust, from Southern Regions (brought.

Either on Land, or in the wat'ry Main;
Satyrs and Nymphs, frequenters of the Lawn,
Are, like the Delphic Oracle; with-drawn;
No Griffin now, protects the golden Store,
Th' expiring Phænix is renew'd no more,
No Centaur now, or Minataur we find,
Of Cloud begotten! or of various Kind!
In martial Feats no motly Heroes shine,
As formerly—half Human! half Divine!
No Dragon lurks the Virgin to devour,
Nor feels the puissant Knight's victorious Pow'r;

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Enchantment's broke, Enchanters all are dead,
Mermaids, to hide their Nakedness, are fled,
And Trytons div'd into their oozy Bed;
The Sailer passes to remotest Lands,
And little dreads but Tempests, Rocks, and Sands;
By Sylla and Chiribdis way can find,
Unharm'd; but by his own devouring Kind;
No real Monsters of the deep his Eye
(Tho' some are so miscall'd) can terrify;
And, was the Light of Reason well display'd,
To drive away each fond Device's Shade;
The most essential Monsters of the Mind,
Such Fortune universally shou'd find!

The little Elves, who formerly were feen,

By Cynthia's Beams (to revel on the Green)

Are now, no more—nor, in the lone fome Night,

Infernal Spectres, as they us'd affright;

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(For Goblins doom'd in everlasting Jayl, It feems, cou'd frequently elope on Bail, Or were permitted, for their Ease to stray, but Like Prentices upon a Holiday Desling which of Yet, have their Stories fuch Impressions made, Still Multitudes are childifully afraid; bas off? ye By meer Impossibilities controul'd, and shawadal If thought by creditable Perfons told! Miles of For what is able to support a Lie, one ome 'of I) Like well-known Credit and Authority ? ... bak Say ye, that o'er the finking Hearts prevail to Of well-grown Babes, and frame the monft rous Tale, Which by the Fire, in a Winter-Night, At once gives Recreation, and Affright! Why Ghosts appear to those that are alone, all Chiefly? or in Society, to none and Said two y& But a distinguish'd and peculiar few? This proves the Thing in Fancy only true,

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For ev'ry Eye Realities will strike, bound and we Be seen by All, and seem to All alike! a sending will be will be seen by All, and seem to All alike! a sending will alike! Best of Fear's and and Ever by Night, and not by Day appear? A bound why chearful Places of Resort refuse? A And Melancholly's dismal Dwelling chuse? A bound and there Imagination, takes and the Th' Impression ev'ry wild Idea makes. And And discompos'd by th' Images it brings, and I sapt to form Millions of hideous Things?

For what is more fignificant make room,

Fantaftic Things! the Men of Bus'ness come:

Bus'ness, 'tis said; is Life's most useful End,

And Want and Wee on Idleness attend;

Employment suits ours Faculties, 'tis true,

Life's Benefits for sit Enjoyment too,

Let not th' infatiate Third of Gain torment

Of all his boasted intelled and Light!

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Were fram'd—for whom is your affiduous Care? Perhaps, a lavish and luxurious Heir! The Road of Profit then discreetly trace, And be not Slaves to your ungrateful Race; As Nature prompts, your Aid to them dispence, And to your felves impart some Recompence; Let Reason in your Course Acceptance find, Nor Conscience, Truth, and Justice, leave behind! Be not the rigid World's devoted Prize, Nor, o'er your selves more sternly Tyrannize; Let not th' insatiate Thirst of Gain torment Your greedy Minds, excluding all Content; Content gives true Felicity - not more Can be deduc'd from India's total Store! Oh, what is Man! whom frantick Notions call. Supream of Creatures! or the Lord of All! Yet, blind Imagination rules, in Spight Of all his boafted intellectual Light!

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We wou'd be fancy'd Generous, Just, and Wife Yet of all things, our selves alone we Prize; MIOS Of all our Aims (whatever we pretend) Self-Interest is the Point—there, there, they end! And all the Purposes of human Soul, Fallacious Pride, and Avarice controul: Those in Misfortune scornfully we view, d! And fay, 'tis to their Crimes, or Follies due; Ev'n What our felves, in loss of Friends sustain, Affords our Minds but little anxious Pain; A formal, and fictitious Grief appears! * But Money's Loss is mourn'd—with real Tears! Those flagrant Mischiefs, Avarice and Pride, To human Nature closely are ally'd; The most dejecting Woes we can endure, Are vainly us'd the Maladies to cure;

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^{*} Ploratur lachrymis amisa Pacunia veris.

Yet, are they ever our intestine Foes, ad buow ow Rouze inward Strife, and ruffle all Repose; to to By them all genuine Virtue is withflood, we lis it All real Excellence! and folid Good! These here Prerogative supreamly boast, but ball But Avarice's Pow'r, inflaves us most! Here now Dominion holds imperial Gain, his storill And do's by Taxes, on our Vices, reign; The Poor in ev'ry pleafing Ill are shamm'd, Here, and hereafter, for Commission damn'd! But rife by Wrongs! the Rich and Noble spoil! Strip Heirs! and Females forcibly defile! The Sacred Son of G-d himself defy! And give to all his Miracles, the Lie! Act, as you will, the most enormous Vice; No harm will follow - if you pay the Price! Gold gives fuch Lusture! fuch Advantage brings! It feems alone, all beneficial Things!

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Accomplish'd Merit in its Presence grows,
And Vileness only from its Absence flows;
Is scorn'd and hated Poverty, so bold
A real Grace, or Excellence to hold?
Aw'd now by Wealth, poor Virtue in Disgrace
Blushes, and hides her unavailing Face;
All genuine Art and Excellence retire
Dismay'd, nor vainly to Regard aspire;
Insulting Wrongs they willingly endure,
And chuse to live abandon'd! and obscure!

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Ye Britons! who your rack'd Inventions strain;
From ev'ry Thing t'extract your valu'd Gain;
And all that Nature can for Use bestow,
Idly convert to mercenary Show;
Cou'd all your searching Industry but find
A Man of truly conscientious Mind;

Or

Or One, tho' well inrich'd in Soul, not vain, Or Avaritious - but sincerely plain; It might be thought as great a Rarity, As gather'd Crowds cou'd with Amazement fee! And of all Things might well furprize them most, * That either Fairs, or Theatres cou'd boast! Might seem a rarer Monster in our Isle, Than ever forung from procreating Nile! In vain, with Hearts of Steel, and Fronts of Brass, All Hazard and Diffres, refolv'd, we pass! Thro' rouling Floods! and fandy Defarts go! Thro' burning Wasts! and everlasting Snow! In vain, th' Extream of either Zone we try! And all th' encount'ring Elements defy! In vain, around the Massy Globe we run! From East to West! and emulate the Sun!

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^{*} Dryden.

Or, for luxurious Acquisitions, stroul From th' Artic, ev'n to th' Anti-artic Pele! In vain, our fearthing Industry explores, Nature's Supream! or Universal Stores! In vain, extorts from Subterranean Hold, The sparkling Di'mond! and the swarthy Gold! From fecret Cells we ravish Pearls in vain! And branching Corral, from the boist'rous Main! In vain, exalted Lebanus is shorne! And choiceft Drugs are from Sabea borne! In vain, bestow, the wedded Date, and Palm, Their fav'ry Fruit! and falutif'rous Balm! Incestuous Myrra's penitential Dew. In fragrant Drops falutes our costly View; In vain! ——in vain, the bleft Arabia treats Our Sense with all her aromatic Sweets! The Persian Insect, and Chinean Earth, Bring their internal Treasures toiling forth

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In vain! — in vain, all Curiosities

(Deduc'd from any Regions, Seas and Skies)

Afford us Use, and Pleasure, and Surprize!

The Body thus may seem improv'd! the Mind Remains alas! unfurnish'd! unresin'd!

Pay Adoration to the Pow'r above,

True Adoration, mixt with zealous Love;

It gave us Being, all that we receive

Of Good, its still continu'd Bounties give;

Respect to those, who practice Reason's Laws,

And give distinguish'd Excellence, Applause;

The Good, to justest Approbation raise,

But give not Knaves and Fools dissembl'd Praise;

To such false Dealing let not Hope of Gain,

Or Fear, or ev'n Necessity constrain;

See Vice and Folly (self-sufficient) spread,

Robustuous! need they to be sooth'd and sed?

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But Wit and Worth to flourish vainly strive, Are tender Plants, that not unaided, thrive! Nature commands the Worthy to be priz'd, The Villain hated, and the Fool despis'd; Pervert not Nature's useful Orders then, Ye most degen'rate of the Race of Men! Regard your monffrous Practices aright, Those, and your selves behold in Reason's Light; Who makes vile Adulation his Pursuit, Is less than Man, and something worse than Bruit; The fupple Cur (to give the Beaft his due) Is in his Service and Affection true; But Men, at far the more propost'rous Rate, Fawn on those Sc-ls they disdain and hate!

Virtue and Sense, unbyass'd and screen,
Shou'd fix their Stations in the golden Mean;

e radiant one, inspeanly prigh

Often,

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ise;

Often, if most immoderately nice, They tend to Madness, or the Verge of Vice: Not this, nor that, in useless Show delights: Scarce feen, but when a glorious Canfe invites; Each only has regard to Reason's Laws. Ever unmov'd by Censure, or Applause: Often too heedless Men their Worth deny, Often, a while neglected cast them by; Sometimes they wholly in Oblivion lie; Sometimes, by foul Oppression overthrown, They are refus'd like precious Gems unknown; Tarnish'd by ill Success, they are despis'd, Or, wanting Pow'r, or State, are little priz'd; But, when they're view'd in undiminish'd Light, Are like the radiant Sun, supreamly bright; When, manifestly they reveal their Worth, And pour on All, auspicious Blessings forth;

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To Rev'rence or Regard, reluctant Men'
Must yield, thro' Shame, or Emulation then;
However envious, cannot but obey,
And to their Wills a dutious Homage pay.

Courage by Nature only is inspired,

Yet often may be seemingly acquired;

Tis not that Use can lessen human Fear,

But making Things less horrible appear,

By rendering them familiar—only we,

Are more from frightful Apprehension free:

True Courage is a Steadiness of Soul,

Which no Distress can perfectly controul;

Founded in Magnanimity alone,

And made, by constant Resolution, known;

Sedately fixt, not violently moved;

By fair, and by sufficient Trial, proved:

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Some in a Flash of Rage their Courage show,
Which soon is found, by Opposition low,
And some have Courage which they do not know!
But all is brought by sit Occasion forth,
Which proves our real, or imagin'd Worth!

Commercial Nature only

Honour exists not in a pompous Show,

Nor — can it from Descent, but Merit, slow!

Give me the Man, that is of humble Birth,

Resplendant only in his native Worth;

The Sun, of all Things most distinctly bright,

Is yet of All most void of borrow'd Light!

'Tis hard for some the Diff'rence to decide,

Betwixt true Honour, and fantastic Pride;

Delusion blinds the Shallow Crowd; and sew

From the pretended, can descern the true:

Who's he, that Honour's truest Laws obeys?

Whom Sense of Right perpetually sways;

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Fidelity and Truth unvary'd rule,

Sweet! modest! equal! moderate! and cool!

But when opprobious Wrong, with Reason, moves;

An arduous and intrepid Hero proves!

So, when soft Breezes o'er th' Surface sweep,

Serene appears th' illimitable Deep;

But, urg'd by Storms, tumultuously arise

Its foaming Waves, and heave into the Skies.

Much Benefit does Education bring,

Yet many Ills from Education spring;

As some choice Structure of mechanic Art,

However just in each dependent Part,

And regular in all its Motions—yet,

Cannot but wrongly move, if wrongly set;

Such ever is the Mind's mechanic Force,

Which from its first Impressions takes its Course;

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And by its first Direction made to stray, Is ever after, doom'd to miss its Way! Let then, all necessary Care provide, An early, faithful, and descerning Guide.

For Conversation Few are fully fit,

Some have too much, but Most too little Wit!

Some, with a sawcy Pertness All offend,

And rather than their Jest, will loose their Friend;

And Some are so much the Reverse of These,

All manly Freedom they renounce to please;

To ev'ry Coxcomb's Vanity they fall,

Prostrate; and are themselves the Jest of All!

Some all their Breaths in Argument would spend,

Which scarcely ever has a peaceful End

(For Argument is like the Gordian Knot,

So firmly ty'd by any puzzling Sot!

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As that was but by Violence divided. This can be but by Violence decided! As Misers hoard their Wealth, Somehoard their Sense, And scarce sufficient for themselves dispense; And Some inceffantly their genuine Store Most prodigally waste—and vastly more! Some, who furmise their Eloquence excels, Are ever jingling like a Carrier's Bells; And Some, to flew their Wisdom's fancy'd Pow'r, Speak flowly—as the Clack strikes — once an Hour! Some, who like Children, splendid Things admire! Dress a poor Meaning in a rich Attire, No Bullion-Sense in their Discourse is found, Or any Thing, but specious Show and Sound! Some in their Thoughts habitually roam, And ev'ry where are ever - but at home; And Some, still erring from th' intended Mark, Render the clearest Things, perplext and dark:

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Some,

Some, thro' their Knowledge bearing high Commis-Are vast Philosophers, or Politicians: And magisterially they regulate, Or rectify, the Church! the Stage! the State! Some, rashly, or imprudently impart, To All, the facred Mysteries of Art; Making themselves a voluntary Prey, To every Swine they throw their Pearls away; And Some are so referv'd—no Mortal finds The beneficial Riches of their Minds: Some speak (their high Profoundity to show) What neither others, nor themselves can know; By Fumes of Bombast violently driven, They Scale the blazing Battlements of Heav'n And Some in I sfignificance do creep, And are so dull, they make us -for - to -sleep, Some want Afurance publickly to speak, They are so pufilanimous and meck;

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And, with a Confidence undaunted, Some Are loud and empty, as a beaten Drum! Some vainly strive their Learning to display. And triumph o'er the Rest in All they Say; And Some are fuch undocumented Fools, As if the World was void of Courts and Schools! From Some (they is of fuch a haughty Strain) All Condescention are requir'd in vain ; Some's Condescention is a brutal Blindness. And They like dirty D-zs, offend - with Kindne fs: Some Ceremony, like Religion rate, And treat Mankind with reverential State Some leaving Form, are jocularly told; With Men, like Lucian, with the G--ds of old! Some on one Theam are excellent alone! On ev'ry Subject, some! and some - on none! Some wou'd be thought accute, and some profound, Some ripe in Wit, and some in Judgment sound;

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(74)

And, while discerning Reason they despise,
Wou'd thro' Impertinence, be counted wise:
But He for true Society is made,
Whose Sense and Knowledge are by Reason sway'd;
Who both from Pride, and Abjectness is free,
Who Humour, Wit, and Manners, well agree;
Who properly can all Occasions suit,
And is in Season, talkative or mute;
Is free, yet cautious—and his chosen Friend,
Will ever entertain! or ne'er offend,

Travel is advantageous to the Mind,

The practic Knowledge gives of Humankind;

The various Manners, Policies, and Ways

Of Men, to the descerning Mind displays;

With choice Materials furnishes the Wit,

And makes for curious Conversation sit;

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Yet, wanting the Support of genuine Sense,
What tends it to? but vain Impertinence?
Many, who leave their native Homes, and range;
Follies for fash'onable Vices change;
E'er fond Desire to Foreign Realms conveys,
Discreet is he, who well his Talent weighs;
Nor chuses unadvisedly to go
Abroad—his home-bred Aukerdness to show;
Nor gathers Vanities or Evils there,
But, qualify'd with well directed Care,
Imports at last, thro' cultivating Toyl,
Not Vice, but Vertue, his native Soil.

Perhaps, of all ill Qualities we find,

The worst, are false Accomplishments of Mind;

At least, we cannot but in Reason own,

That false Accomplishments are worse than none;

From those alone proceeds a vicious Tast,

Which aims all springing Excellence to wast;

Yes

Ever its truest Tenderness annoys,

Or like unseasonable Blights, destroys;

For ill-acquir'd Impertinence and Pride,

In All things wou'd presumptuously decide;

And what than they is Truth's severer Foe,

Who think they've right to judge, yet cannot (rightly know)

Many th' Enjoyments of the Town invite,
In rural Recreations Some delight;
I neither one nor the other wholly chuse,
Nor one, nor th'other totally refuse;
Free Conversation often is confess'd,
Yet often, peaceful Solitude is best:
The Place, where rational Delights are found,
With Decency and Moderation crown'd,
Auspicious Providence! impart to me,
With little, much, or—no Society.

Above to wall:

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Ye loofe Companions of the Town! unknown To any Management, beside your own (Whose Friendship's made, and broken in a trice, Cemented but by complicated Vice) I chuse not voluntar'ly-but pursue Something, more folid and fecure than you! By voluntary Deeds the Mind's express'd, All like and chuse what suits their Natures best: Whom mean, or difingenuous Things controul, Do they not shew a Littleness of Soul? Horace allows those Things compleatly right Alone — where Profit mingles with Delight; Publick Amusements we select and prize, Whence never Profit, and Delight arise; For, where can real Good and Pleasure be. Remote from Reason, and from Decency? While Eloquence and graceful Action fail, The Seignior's Voice, and Moursieur's Heels prevail;

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(78)

Lo. little Thumb, and Puppet Shows go down, And please the choicest Relish of the Town! Ye rural Hosts! whose Bounty, forc'd Excess, Whose Hospitality is Drunkenness; Ye're far from what ye think —there's grievious Where Freedom and Sobriety are loft; Preserve from Me unvisited your Chear, My offer'd Reason is a Price too dear! Approve what's graceful, own what's just and fit, To Reason, and to Decency submit; Themselves from Decency who distunite, Loose, by Degrees, the Sense of what is right: Betwixt each Sex be due Distinction made, And let not Either th'Other's Right invade; Advent'rous Sports, and a robustous Mind, Ill-fuit the Softness of the Female-kind; As ill-becomes, whom Glory shou'd inspire, A Female Disposition, or Attire;

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To Fame Alcides rose thro' martial Toil, Full-blaz'd the Hero in the Lyon's spoil! But when Omphale had difguis'd him —then The most beroic, seem'd the least of Men! Herculean Dames! who range the sportful Plain, From th' opposite Extream, for shame, refrain: Can They, who Blood and Cruelty pursue, Possess th'Indulgence tender Mothers do? Or Care to cherish and to rear employ, Who voluntarly practife to destroy? Do not the social Wife, and cauteous Maid Find thus their proper Qualities betray'd? Endeavour, oh, ye Fair! by decent Arts, To hold Dominion o'er the noblest Hearts; Be gentle, yet, your Chastities to guard, Like Rocks, or Walls in Opposition hard! Pursue good Hustwif'ry at Home-and spare Abroad ____th'infideous Fox, and tim'rous Hare;

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(80)

At rude Invaders aim a rig'rous Frown,

Aim not to bring the whirring Patridge down!

How Savage is the Mind of Man untaught? E'er into Method by Instruction brought; E'er cloath'd with decent Manners, and adorn'd With Arts; how aptly to be loath'd, or fcorn'd? Yet Most, thus qualify'd, too vainly All, Not like themselves endu'd, Barbarians call; Lessen these Gifts (their Arrogance is such) By prizing them too falfly, or too much; For affable Humanity's confess'd, Sale and trill Of all our Minds Accomplishments, the best! Of Humankind the most accomplish'd they; Who Nature's uncorrupted Laws obey; Who having Virtue, live without Offence, Pursuing Truth, embracing Innocence; - thinfideous tox, and tim'rous Elare

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Prosperous, yet Humble, Merciful, yet Brave; Whom never Pride, nor Avarice inflave; Who bend not their Authority and Pow'r The Poor to fcorn, the Helpless to devour; Nor, thro' th' Infection of contageous Times, Employ their Knowledge to promote their Crimes Unhappy they, by distant Regions, laid In Ignorance's obviating Shade; Who footh their fenfual Appetites, nor aim At Worth-nor feel th' Effects of gen'rous Shame; Who yield to Force, nor know the mut'al Need. Of fweet Civility, and courteous Deed; World Nor by Communication, can remove Their Native Wildness, or Themselves improve; Unhabited and rude to Prey inclin'd, so sid W With dire Abomination, on their Kind! Ind off Yet, are not furnish'd and accomplish'd We, Ev'n from their worst of Dispositions free; Who,

the Green's Ligarity the reference to devot

Who, walking in a more enlighten'd Way,

Upon each other unrelenting Prey,

To prove our felves such Cannibals as They.

Thee, prosp'rous Fortune! Humankind adore,
Honour is perish'd! Conscieenc is no more!

Justice, long since from Humankind is sled,
And Law a Harpy, governs in its stead;

By which foul Feind (its counterfeited Shade)

How are the Friendless and the Poor dismay'd?

And th' Innocent, not guarded, but betray'd!

Now Gold can over friv'lous Right prevail,
And, by Insusant, turn th' unequal Scale;

Causes are undecided and perplext,

While dark'ning Comments cloud the plainer Text!

The best Decision's unproportion'd yet,

Betwixt a Wealthy Fool, and needy Wit!

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To rich Delinquents, what's a Bribe or Fee? 'Tis nothing! but 'tis even Death to Me! Peace then, to Me, let meer Discretion preach, And meer Necessity, Uprightness teach; Preserve Me honest in the strictest Sense, In Substance! nay, and even in Pretence! Oh, let not Me become the Monster's Prey, Free Me from what the can imposing lay, From grinding Fines—who Nothing have to pay; Remove from Me the dubitable Suit. And from vile Knaves the profitable Fruit; Litigious Tribe! here Reason claims the Peace, Hence ___ and from others sheer the golden Fleece! Me, who am little to your Purpose, spare; Oh, let me have — at least — my Skin to wear! Let not on Me devouring Catch-poles wait, I can dispense with such attending State; to T

I'm not ambitious of a House of Stone. Poor as I am, rather afford me none; Oh, let me rather unprotected lie, or poor one And only cover'd by the distant Skie; I will not wholly at my Lot repine, If comfortable Liberty is mine!

Custom, for Reason's Rest, or Ease allow'd, Is own'd the Regulator of the Crowd; Custom, whose Birth from vulgar Notions springs. Is own'd an able Guide --- in trivial Things; In all Things fome Authority it claims; But if at Reason's Property it aims, Its Credit is destroy'd, its Trust betray'd, And We with Justice then reject its pageant Aid ! So, when some tow'ring Minister of State: (By his indulgent Monarch made too Great) Co

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Devours the People's Privilege, and beguiles His facil Lord with impositious Wiles; or smol A Confpiring Men affert their Sou'reign's Reign, And thus their Rights and Liberties regain.

If Thought is thus, and so this Purpole

Licentions Vice and Folly to refurain, And Error curb in her encroaching Reign; 'Tis fit our Thinking shou'd be bold and free, Of Mortals else most miserable We! Yet, least our Thought from Prejudices springs. Let us unpartially examine Things! Let them be first by Reason understood; And let our Purpose be sincerely good, Then censure, and with Approbation, then Explode the Craft of ill-defigning Men! But if provok'd by Passion, or by Lust, Come fav'rice Fally or conceal'd Difgu?;

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Or, if our Thought (rejecting Reason's Law)

Alone from Stubborn Arrogance we draw;

If aiming Others, or our selves to cheat,

In close Disguise, we nourish foul Deceit;

If Thought is thus, and to this Purpose free,

Of Motals then, the most perverse are We.

This now, as undisputable we hold;
And what we judge as most authentic now,
Ages far hence remote, may disallow
In Matters thus abstracted and refin'd,
The Crowd absurdly ever is inclin'd;
And fervent Priests, Religion's Worth to raise,
Often proceed such inconsistent Ways,
As the most Penetrating still despise;
Of Oid thus probably conceiv'd the Wise;

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Yet the Rejection of its Rites repell'd, And kept the Notions private which they held; For Pow'r Supream by Nature is avow'd, And by the most Considerate most allow'd! Of ev'ry Sort, Religion was defign'd, O'er Reason's Power to regulate the Mind; For our uncertain Life is fuch a Maze, The Consequence of any chosen Ways, Who know? proceeding ever undifinaid, But in the Guidance of Superior Aid? Who then Religion willfully decline; And quite explode, what Others hold Divine, Are scarcely those intentionally good, Or who have Nature clearly understood; Are not, whom Reason really inspires, But Men of rash and reprobate Desires; For, tho' We cou'd with Reason's searching View, Pass Truth's remotest deep Recesses thro';

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Who

Who hold the Pow'r, the Good they understand,

Ever to chuse? and th'Evil to disband?

When Will and Opportunity and Means

Concur, and Chance affords convenient Scenes;

When strong Temptations urge, and Passions loudly

(bawl,

Who can submit to Reason's gentle Call?

By That all wild Imaginations sway?

And make the proudest Appetites obey?

No—Nothing can sufficient Means instill,

But Hope of greatest Good! and Fear of greatest Ill!

All Creatures, with unanimous Defire,
To compass true Felicity aspire;
And All, in Quest of this inticing Good,
Employ the Means that best are understood:
The Purposes of Bruits, that little know,
Are, narrow, insignificant, and low;

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Inform'd with Reefon, and inflam'd by Hope, Man takes a various and extended Scope; Yet, by the Means we principally use. We may our felves erroneously abuse: Riches will unexpected Troubles bring! Fame is fallacious! Pleasure has its Sting! Lo, an exalted, a celestial Dame, Is therefore Guide—Religion is her Name; But fuch fantastic Manners she displays, So mutable her Habit, Form, and Ways; Can Any, who wou'd to themselves be just, What's thus uncertain, fingularly trust? So many Tricks have juggling Priests devis'd, Omnipotence so marr'd, or so disguis'd; So various and distorted seems its Way! Can Any thus, be certain not to stray? Yet let us not blaspheme the Pow'r above, Endew'd with Bounty, and paternal Love!

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'Tis just, and kind! for human Bliss provides,
And grants us Reason, faithfullest of Guides!
But Many, making Villainy their End,
Proudly from Heav'n Authority pretend;
And then, thro' Fraud, or superstitious Fear,
Render that dark! which is, or wou'd be clear.

Learning was meant our Reason to direct,

Truth to descern, and Falshood to detect;

To make Us, by an advantageous Mind,

Both useful to Ourselves and Humankind!

Some Things are not for human Sense ordain'd,

Surpassing All within its Reach contain'd!

And Who Sublimity of Soul enjoys,

Rejects and scorns unbenefical Toys;

The proper Mean, betwixt these different Two,

Well to preserve, and cautiously to view,

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Lays on the Mind a most prodigious Strefs. And prove its utmost Strength and Steadiness: Our learned Men, are learnedly fo low, Not buman Nature, nor Themselves they know; With strictest Care, and Earnestness they try, To comprehend a Flow'r! a Stone! a Fly! Or frothy Terms of Languages explore, And too remisly pass the Meaning o'er; Or, by mistaking of themselves, are brought To be bewilder'd in a Maze of Thought; Devoid of Perspecuity and Fire, and bus , Wal and T Dark Ways they tred, and founder in the Mire! Many in Whimsies only are profound, builded bell They build on Things where Reason has no Ground; And in nonfenfical and endless Views, oil to Their Time, their Labour, and Themselves they loofe! Some, by meer Idleness are plung'd in Thought, But Most, by Pride's too prompt Allurement brought, Head-

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Headlong into the wild Abys they fall, Neglecting Reason's cautionary Call!

Weigh true Desert in Reason's nicest Scale, And let what Justice best approves, prevail; I mean, the Justice of the wifer Few, Who Justice know; and carefully pursue; Too shallow rash and forward is the Crowd, To be for publick Justice, well allow'd; Its Justice often to Perdition brings The best, and often crowns the worst of Things! Virgil and Horace, long ago, 'tis true, Had publick Justice, to their Merits due, Which, yet its Source from private Favour drew! Was not the publick Justice Labeo's Aim? Thence Mavius possibly a while had Fame! While diff'rent Fate transcendant Homer found. Slighted, and everlaftingly renown'd!

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A helple's Wand'rer on that very Earth, Which, fince contended for his glorious Birth! If Justice by the publick Vote is try'd, Then, Socrates and Je-s justly dy'd! The meanest He, who dares to court Renown, Thinks publick Justice shou'd his Wishes crown; And, if thro' lucky Chance, of Humankind, He gains the Side, that indolent, or blind; Oh, what Advantages has Confidence, Confirm'd! and rampant! o'er superiour Sense? So fure! fo fixt! it is not to be mov'd! When, once, howe'er unworthily, approv'd; But genuine Excellence, so delicate, Has almost ever a desponding State; Scarcely from Doubt, or from Distrust secur'd, Ev'n when it shou'd be perfectly assur'd! How barb'rous then, his Sense? or his Mistake? Who wou'd like Fortune, blind Distinction make; Wou'd all of Those perversly trample down, But whom Mankind with partial Favour crown; Nor will believe Oppression, or Neglect, May hold the Place of merited Respect.

mos!

Happy the Man, who can fecurely please
His Mind, with sweet Contentedness and Ease;
Who seeks not inconsiderately, Fame
(Guiding by Reason's well-weigh'd Rules, his Aim)
Nor Moderation's Limits will out-go,
But aims Himself, and useful Things to know!
Tho' curious Arts transporting Pleasures bring,
Drink not to deep of the Castalian Spring;

Least

Least the tumultuous Ravishments you find, Strongly infus'd, intoxicate the Mind: Fair is the View exalted Thought procures, And much it th'unexperienc'd Mind allures; The smooth Ascent we climb with vast Delight, While various Scenes unfolding chear the Sight; But Care, and unexpected Toyl, attend Those, who too far ambitiously ascend! Behold that awful Mountain, raised so high! Lo, at its Foot, what fertile Vallies lie! Of mingl'd Meadows, Fountains, Groves, and Fields, Its shady Side delicious Prospect yields; But mark its low'ring Front, a Wreath of Clouds, In fullen Gloom tremenduously inshrowds! There Frosts ingender! whistling Tempests beat! 'Tis bleak! 'tis barren! 'tis a difmal Seat!

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As the Pursuit of Arts, in arduous Ways, To Woes and Hazards unforeseen betrays; From th'opposite Extream with Care remove, And shun the slavish Indolence of Love: Love (often founded on imagin'd Charms) Is liable to Multitudes of Harms; Is frequently by false Opinion made, And is not by descerning Reason sway'd; Nay even, when on fure Foundation plac'd, Time, or Enjoyment will its Vigour waste; With infubstantial Violence it burns A while, yet foon extinguishes, or turns; But Frienaship yields both Profit and Delight, When Souls, by mutual Sympathy unite; When Is i

When varying Interest kindles not the Flame. When Truth its Basis! Virtue is its Aim! Such Friendship Man's Infirmities require, Such gen'rous Nature do's, or shou'd inspire; But Friendships now, degenerating, prove Falser, or more fantastical than Love!

Oh Te, who fir'd with emulative Aim, Audaciously pursue uncertain Fame; And thro' the crooked Paths of ev'ry Crime, Wou'd with perverfest Obstinacy climb; A more establish'd Happiness to know, Remain in Ease and Innocence below: Or, if resolv'd the bold Attempt to make, Let Justice! Justice! be the Guide von take: Behold what Portion (your allotted End) Do's the laborious Systphus attend; Mark, how he makes his unavailing Moan, As up th' Ascent he tuggs th'unweildy Stone; See, how it now recoyling mocks his Pain, Swift as a Torrent, rushes down again, And, like a rapid Whirkwind, smoaks along the (Plain!)

Who from an inconsiderable State, Aspiring strive to grow renown'd, or great; If not the Course of Justice they pursue, This reretched Portion is their righteous Due. When Truth and Justice are Ambition's Guides, 'Tis like a Stream, that thro' the Meadows glides; Do's both Delight and Benefit produce, When Is fair to View, and of auspicuous Use;

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Thro' flow'ry Ways deliciously it go's, And, in the Bounds of Moderation flows; But, when with arrogating Pride it swells, And Reason's gracious Purposes repells; With Rigour uncontroulable it reigns, As Torrents rushing ravage o'er the Plains; Pours dire Diffraction on terrestial Things. And irretrievable Perdition brings! This Consequence is bold Ambition's Dow'r, When firmly aided by Success and Pow'r; But if Ambition madly will prevail, When useful Means and Fortune jointly fail; How low do's then, its wedded Captive fall? Becomes the Pity, or the Scorn of All! There is a Place, where Night, as Trav'llers fay, Six tedious Months excludes the chearful Day; During which Time, Extremity of Cold, Do's Sway alike, uninterrupted, hold; No living Creatures here their Stations keep, But grifly Bears, and Prowlers of the deep. Such fometimes is Adversity's Retreat, Such, is Obscurity's remotest Seat ; Oh, how prepost'rous is th'abandon'd State, Of Him, here thrown by unrelenting Fate? So wretched is his Lot, he do's not dare Ev'n to think on -- what he is! or where! Tet, even in this more than earthy H - ll, He, who is conscious that he merits well, For thee, oh, Truth! may be confin'd to dwell!

Truth is a Point, so nice, and subtle, Few Can hit, whoever has in Aim, or View;

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Extream Acuteness, Dulness, Meakness, Pride, Knowledge, and Ignorance—alike misguide; Who wins it, must obtain the golden Mean, A Soul well fix'd! unbyas'd! and serene! Never by false Appearances betray'd, Unfooth'd by Hope, by Threat'ning undifmay'd; By Nature form'd, and by descerning Fate Conducted, void of partial Love and Hate; No Teaching, or Endeavour of the Brain, The Mind's intrinsic Virtue must attain! In vain, unfurnish'd with internal Light, We fearch; and stray, as in the depth of Night; In vain explore the Court, in vain, the Schools, From Books, and Men, collect instructive Rules; Moles cannot by Infiruction, Things furvey; Or Batts, or Owls admire the chearful Day! In vain, thro' counterfeiting Aids we run; None else but Eagles can behold the Sun!

How vainly Men fantastic Greatness prize?

And how perniciously attempt to rise?

Not Usurpation of licentious Pow'r,

Not Means acquir'd to grind, or to devour;

Not Pedigree, not Title, not Estate,

Not Pomp—or Fame, can make us truly Great!

Who truly Great, is then most rightly stil'd?

He, who is ne'er by soothing Hope beguil'd!

Who scorning vile, tho' profitable Views,

Justice and Truth, with Constancy pursues;

By whom, Awersty, in conscious Good,

With its most vexing Rigour, is withstood;

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Whose Soul allows not Adulation place. And whom no fervile Practices debase: However Custom, or Opinion goes, True Dignity from Nature only flows; And he whose Worth is planted in his Mind, Has Greatness in Despight of Humankind! By Means, the Noble-minded must despise, Some now, to Pow'r and Repututation rife; But, what might make the most consid'rate mad, They boaft of Qualities they never had; He's excellent, who formal can appear, And He sagacious, who is infincere; Who Riches can extort, is prudent deem'd, Whom meer Assurance dignifies — esteem'd; And He whose Mind is dark as deepest Night, Retains his Anchestors departed Light. Twas Virtue, Magnanimity, and Sense, Gave Man to Man, the first Preheminence; Priority is theirs, and theirs Controll Shou'd be - whom Nature gave the largest Soul; Can Title, Wealth, Authority, and Show, Real Defert, or Dignity bestow? To hold Desert is meerly in the Strain, Is false, absur'd, ridiculously vain! Or fay it is -- who can be justly fure, The Current, whence he feems deriv'd, is pure? In nuptial Limits ever was contain'd; From all unchast Miscarriages restrain'd? Creatures of ev'ry other Sort, we find, Far more confiftent with Themselves and Kind; More justly answer their reputed Birth, More personally hold indubitable Worth!

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The lordly Lyon (properly rever'd,
For true, and for unborrow'd Grandeur fear'd,
Made not, thro' Fortune, or Opinion great,
Deriving from himself tremendous State)
Is gen'rous, bold, and of majestic Air;
Him, We the Monarch of the Wilds declare;
But, not the tim'rous Deer! or treacherous Fox!
Or stupid As! or inconsid'rate Ox!
In one peculiar Sort (suppose the Steed)
Which shou'd we prize?—None for the Name, or
(Breed?

But the robustuous, or the mettl'd Kind,
Or slying Racer! rapid as the Wind!
Hobbies and Jades are scorn'd, altho' they claim
Renown'd Beucephalus's Race, or Name!
All Greatness, that was ever truly known,
Arises from Reality alone!

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Altho' we neither Virtue will pursue,
Nor our ignoble Appetites subdue;
To grasp all Grandeur vainly-fond is Man,
Within his narrow, and infeebl'd Span:
For what is Life, which we so fondly prize?
Where so much Error, or Perverseness lies!
It is a heap of Earth, a feeble Mound,
Thrown up a while, Eternity to bound;
But soon destroy'd by its o'erwhelming Force,
The mighty Torrent reassumes its Course!
What is our Life, which holds, o'er rul'd by Fate,
In Time's wide Ocean, its uncertain State?
A Ship, conducted by an artless Hand!
A Heap of uncoagulated Sand!

Both

Both This and That may seem secure a while, When Heav'n and Nature calmly seem to smile; But when Disorder tyrannizing raves, When sternly rise, and rush, the soaming Waves; This sinds no Trust, nor steady Course it stears! That, soon o'erwhelm'd, or broaken, disappears!

Since Life is transitory, weak, and vain, Fantastic Follies let Us then refrain; Seducing and enfeebling Vice subdue, And Fame and Virtue properly pursue; For still the Fame of virtuous Deeds will last, When all things else, are passing like a Blast!

The principal proper Qualification of a Satirist.

To any folid Purpose, what excells;
For, could such Things determine rightly—then
The Rich and Prosprous were the best of Men;
Much less can Custom, or Opinion, shew
What none, but by impartial Reason, know!
In Nature all intrinsic Value lies,
Which he, who penetrating well, descrys,
Can only find, and properly engage
With all the Prejudices of an Age.